

APPENDIX I.

Notification No. G. 9336—P. P. 134-18-20, dated 23rd November 1918.

In supersession of Government Notification No. G. 8945—P. P. 134-18-9, dated 16th November 1918, and in exercise of the powers conferred by Rule 3 B (2) (a) of the rules issued under the Defence of India Regulation, I of 1918, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are hereby pleased to direct that all owners of paddy, rice, ragi, jolam and navane, who have in their possession or control any stock in excess of 2 pallas of rice, ragi, jolam and navane and 4 pallas of paddy shall, by the 10th December 1918, furnish particulars of such stock, in the form hereunder prescribed, to the Amildar or Deputy Amildar in whose jurisdiction the stock is held. In Municipal areas, the declaration shall be made to the President and handed over to such officer or officers as the President may authorise in this behalf. In rural tracts, the returns shall be handed over by the declarant to the village patel who will arrange to forward them to the taluk office with a consolidated list. Illiterate persons who cannot write their returns may apply to the shanbhog who shall write the return for them free of cost.

Any person who omits to make the return within the prescribed date or makes a false return will be liable to be prosecuted and sentenced to imprisonment for a term extending to three years or fine or both.

FORM OF DECLARATION.

I hereby declare that the following is a true and correct account of the stock of the undermentioned food grains held by me, in my possession or under my control.

Particulars of food grains.

Quantity held in pallas of 100 seers.

Paddy
Rice
Ragi
Jolam
Navane

Signature (or mark attested by a witness.)

By Order,

C. S. BALASUNDARAM IYER,
Chief Secretary to Government.

APPENDIX II.

Notification No. G. 9337—P. P. 134-18-21, dated 23rd November 1918.

In exercise of the powers vested by sub-rule (2) (a) and (b) of Rule 3 B of the Rules issued under the Defence of India Regulation, I of 1918, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are hereby pleased to issue the following rules for regulating the transport and sale of certain food-grains in the State:—

RULES FOR REGULATING THE TRANSPORT AND SALE OF CERTAIN FOOD GRAINS.

Rice, Paddy, Ragi, Jola, and Navane.

1. Every person other than a licensed dealer having in his possession or under his control 5 pallas of ragi, rice, jolam or navane or 10 pallas of paddy shall maintain a correct account of the stock held by him and of its disposal from time to time. The account shall be open for inspection at any time by any officer of and above the grade of Deputy Amildar. A monthly return of the stock showing the receipts and disposals during each month and the balance at the end of the month shall be furnished by him (i) in Municipal Towns, to the President or other officer named by him in this behalf and (ii) in non-municipal areas, to the Amildar or Deputy Amildar through the patel of the village.

2. No person shall be allowed to transport from one village, taluk or district to another village, taluk or district, ragi, rice, jolam and navane in excess of 1 palla or paddy in excess of 2 pallas except with the permission in writing of the officers mentioned below:—

(i) *From one village to another in the same taluk.*—The Amildar or Deputy Amildar of the Taluk or Sub-Taluk or other officer whom the Government may authorise him to nominate in this behalf.

- (ii) *From one taluk to another in the same district.*—The Deputy Commissioner of the District or other officer authorised by him in this behalf.
- (iii) *From one district to another.*—The Food Controller or other officer authorised by him in this behalf.

3. In granting permission for transport from one place to another, the following considerations will prevail:—

No permission shall be granted for the transport of grain (a) *from any village, taluk or district in which the stock is not sufficient to meet the requirements of the village, taluk or district for at least three months from 1st December 1918 or (b) to any village, taluk or district in which the stock available exceeds three months' requirements.*

4. No one shall deal in ragi, rice, paddy, jolam or navane, either wholesale or retail, except under and in accordance with the terms of a license issued by the President in Municipal Towns and Deputy Commissioner or other officer authorized by him in non-municipal areas. Such licenses may be issued to firms, individuals, Co-operative Societies or Committees as may be deemed proper and necessary.

5. Wholesale licenses shall be subject to the following conditions:—

- (i) The licensee shall obtain his supply only from places wherein the stock exceeds the requirements of the locality for three months and on permits issued to him under Rule 3.
- (ii) The licensee shall not hoard his stock but shall dispose of it within reasonable time to retail dealers in the same locality or in such other localities as may be prescribed by the officer issuing the license within his jurisdiction. He may also sell to individual customers quantities of not less than 25 seers at a time and not exceeding two pallas or such quantities as may be prescribed by the officer issuing the license. Any tendency on the part of the licensee to hoard the stock for profiteering or other purpose, when there is public demand for it, will render the stock liable to be commandeered and taken possession of by Government at the rate fixed by them in this behalf and sold to retail dealers or otherwise disposed of by them in such manner and at such rate as they may consider proper.
- (iii) The licensee shall maintain a correct account of all purchases and sales made by him and furnish a monthly return in such form as may be prescribed by the Deputy Commissioner or Municipal President as the case may be. The account shall be open for inspection by the Deputy Commissioner or President or other officer authorized by them in this behalf.

6. Licenses for the retail sale of the controlled food grains shall be subject to the following conditions:—

(i) A notice-board will be put up in front of the shop showing the maximum rates at which the grain will be sold.

(ii) Sales should be made to persons who are temporary or permanent residents in the localities to be specified in the license and for their *bona fide* requirements and in quantities not exceeding Rs. 5 worth of rice or paddy or 3 Rs. worth of any ragi, jolam, or navane to any person at any one time. *Bona fide* travellers should be regarded as temporary residents for the purposes of this rule.

(iii) An account showing the total daily receipts and sales and the balance in stock at the end of each day should be maintained, and be available for inspection at any time by the President or other officer deputed by him in Municipal towns and Deputy Commissioner or Amildar or other officer deputed by him in non-municipal areas.

(iv) Any licensee who withholds stock without making it readily available for sale to the public will be liable to have his stock commandeered by Government and disposed of in the manner specified in Rule 5 (ii) above.

7. Licenses for retail sale at *Santes* will be subject to the same conditions *mutatis mutandis* as those specified in Rule 6.

By Order,

C. S. BALASUNDARAM IYER,
Chief Secretary to Government.

APPENDIX V.

Official Memorandum No. G. 9351-63—P. P. 134-18-24, dated 23rd November 1918.

The following instructions are issued for the guidance of local officers in commandeering food stuffs for public use:—

1. Under Notification No. G. 7918—P. P. 6-18-30, dated the 30th October 1918, Deputy Commissioners of Districts have been empowered under Rule 3 B, (2) (c) of the Defence of India Regulation to take over stocks of articles, the prices of which have been fixed and Revenue Sub-Division Officers, Amildars and Deputy Amildars will be similarly empowered.

2. Commandeering and maximum wholesale and retail prices have been fixed for ragi, rice, paddy and jolam in all districts.

3. In the beginning, stocks may be commandeered from persons holding large stocks. Any officer duly empowered in this behalf may personally take over the stock after issuing an order in writing to the person holding stocks to deliver the quantity named, in such manner as may be suitable. As far as possible, the supplies required will be drawn from the several stock holders in a village or other area, without unduly pressing on any one.

4. In order not to inconvenience the individuals from whom the stocks are commandeered, at least a year's supply for the person, his family and dependents will be left with him. In calculating these requirements, two pallas of ragi, rice, or jolam or four pallas of paddy may be taken as needed per individual per year.

5. In order to avoid unnecessary cross traffic, the following general rules for the re-adjustment of stocks will be followed:—

(a) When the stock in any village is in excess of its requirements for three months, the surplus will be allotted to the nearest deficit village, if any, in the taluk.

(b) When the stock in a taluk is in excess of its requirements for three months, the surplus will be allotted by the Deputy Commissioner to the nearest deficit taluk, if any, in the same district.

(c) Similarly, when the stock in a district is in excess of its requirements for three months, the surplus will be allotted by the Food Controller to the nearest deficit district.

NOTE.—In calculating these requirements two pallas of ragi, rice, navane, jolam or four pallas of paddy will be taken as needed per head of population for a year.

6. When stocks are taken over, the officer empowered to take delivery will prepare a mahazar showing the quantity taken over, as per actual measurement, in the presence of a panchayet of not less than three respectable local residents. Payment will be made to the individual immediately on taking over the stocks, and in the presence of the panchayetdars.

7. Correct accounts in the forms prescribed should be kept of the quantity commandeered and steps taken to see that the stocks commandeered are properly distributed.

8. Deputy Commissioners will obtain from the Amildars daily statements of stocks commandeered in the district in the form appended and send the same to the Food Controller from day to day, copies being sent to the Revenue Commissioner and the Government.

9. Every care shall be taken to avoid abuses and all complaints of irregularities should be properly enquired into and dealt with.

Daily return of stocks of food grains commandeered in the
Date.....

Kind of grains	Quantity taken over (in pallas)	Value according to the price fixed	Remarks.
Ragi			
Rice			
Paddy			
Cholam			

By Order,
 C. S. BALASUNDARAM IYER,
Chief Secretary to Government.

To—The Revenue Commissioner in Mysore.
 The Food Controller in Mysore.
 The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
 The Presidents, Bangalore and Mysore City Municipal Councils.
 The Director of Civil Supplies in Mysore.